Role of Vitamin K in arterial calcifications and cardiovascular diseases

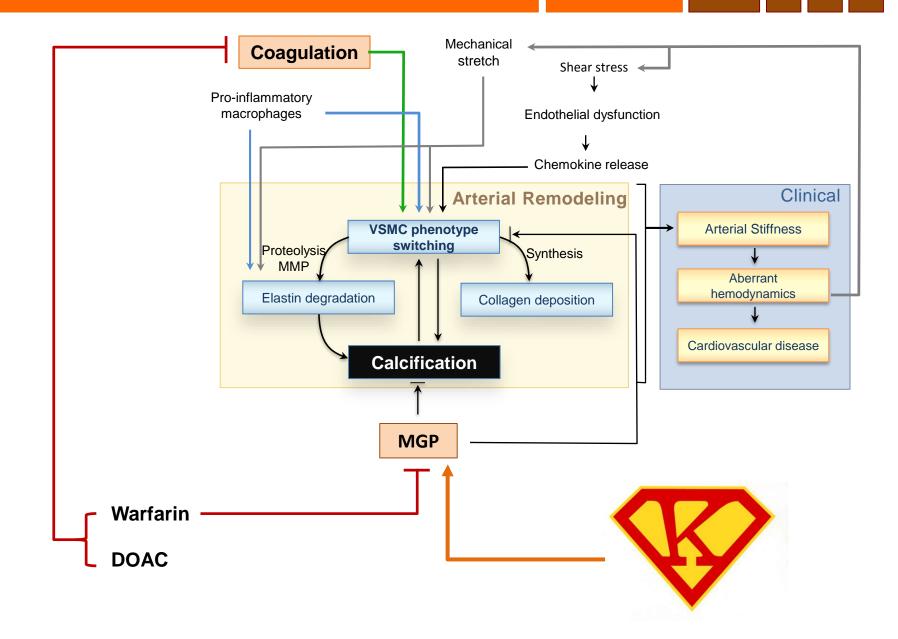
Leon J Schurgers, PhD Department of Biochemistry Maastricht University The Netherlands

Artery, Pisa, October 13th 2017

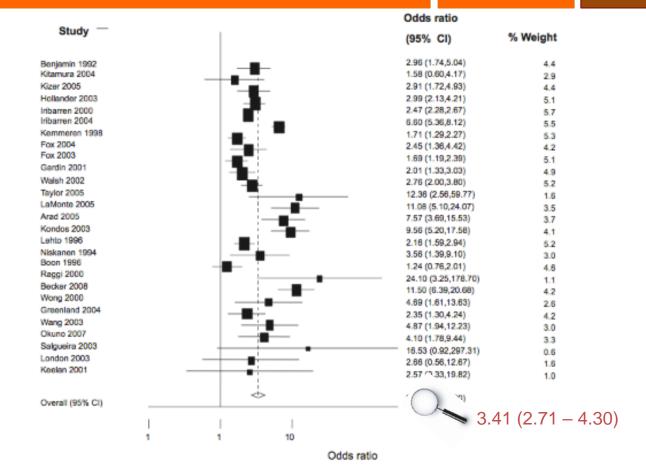




Conclusions



Vascular calcification as marker of increased CVD



Rennenberg et al. Vascular health and risk management 2009

Coronary artery calcium is a better predictor of cardiovascular events than the Framingham risk score and can help to reclassify asymptomatic individuals into high-risk or low-risk categories

Calcification is passive process

Calcif Tissue Int (1994) 54:224-230

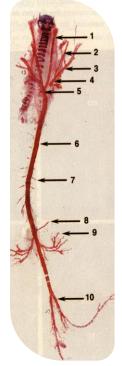
Calcified Tissue International © 1994 Springer-Verlag New York Inc.

Coronary Arterial Calcification as an Active Process: A New Perspective on an Old Problem

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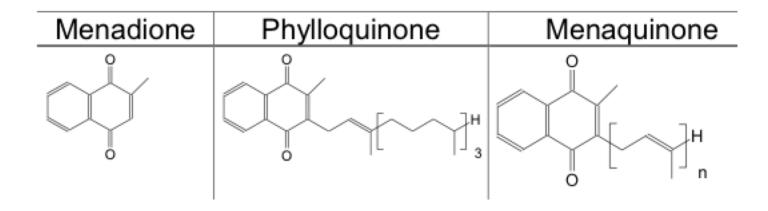
Matrix Gla-protein (MGP)

- Vitamin K-dependent protein
- 84 amino acids (Mw ~11 kD)
- Gla-residues (required for activity)

Abstract. The mechanism and purpose of coronary atherosclerotic calcification remain unknown. However, evidence reviewed here suggests that calcification is not passive precipitation or adsorption, but instead is organized and regulated. Gla containing proteins and other proteins normally associated with bone metabolism appear to play an important role in this process. A variety of studies are currently in progress in our laboratory which we hope will provide a more comprehensive understanding of processes leading to coronary calcification as well as prognostic data useful in clinical cardiologic practice. A clearer understanding of the nature and significance of coronary calcification may well pave the way toward new interventions to protect myocardium and minimize the morbidity and mortality associated with coronary artery disease.

Key words: Coronary calcification - Bone proteins

Vitamin K



THE FRENCH PARADOX what is the secret?



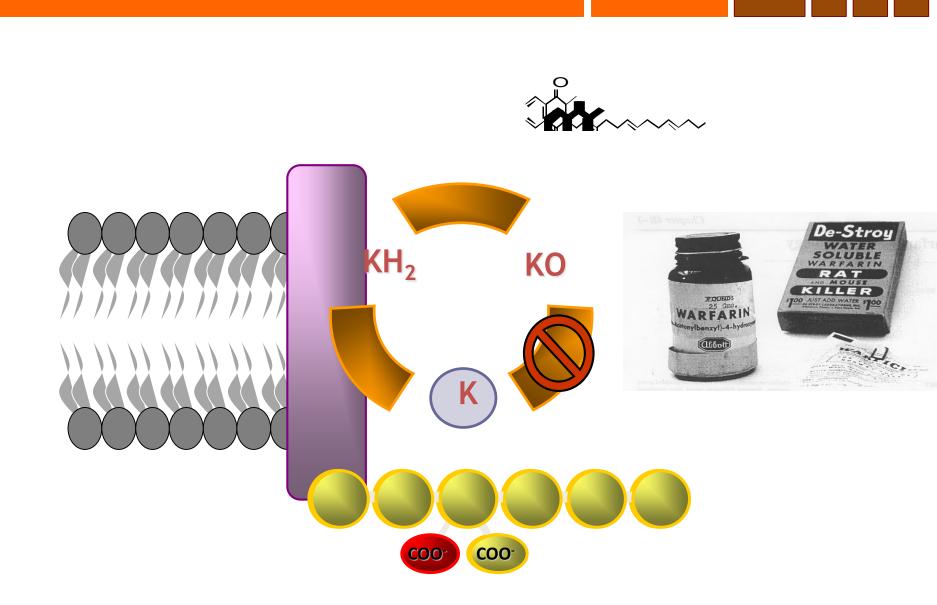
Vitamin K1



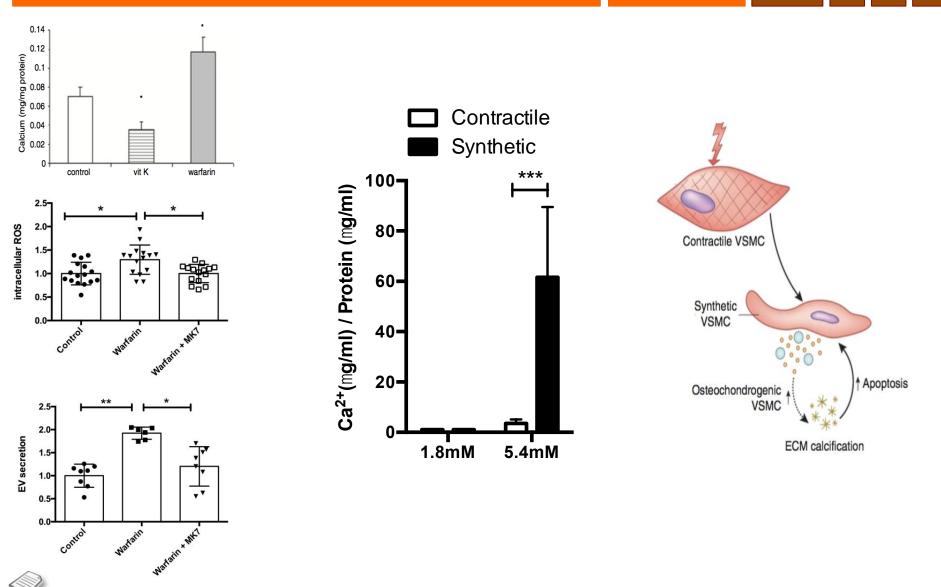


Vitamin K2

Vitamin K-metabolism

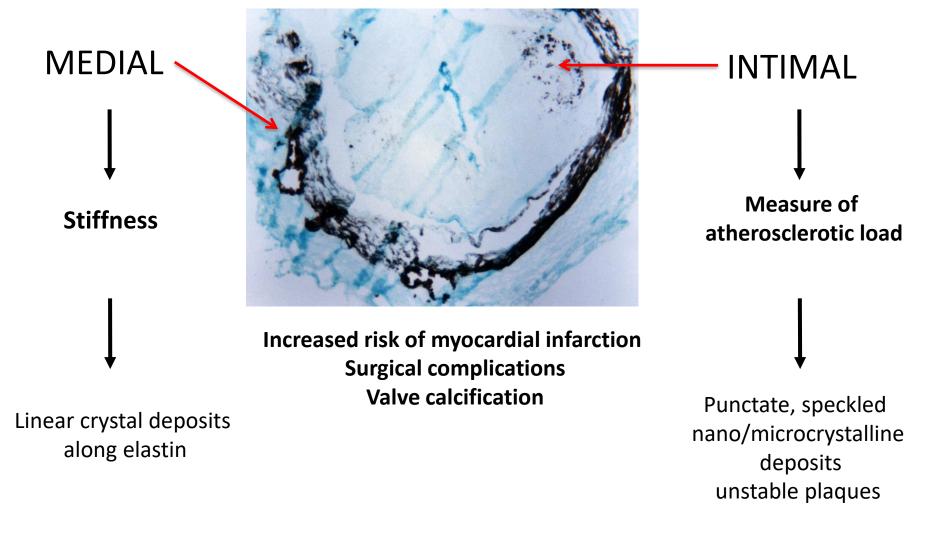


Vascular calcification is mediated by VSMC phenotypic switching

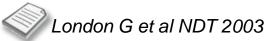


Schurgers JTH 2007, Reynolds JASN 2004, Kapustin Circulation Res 2015

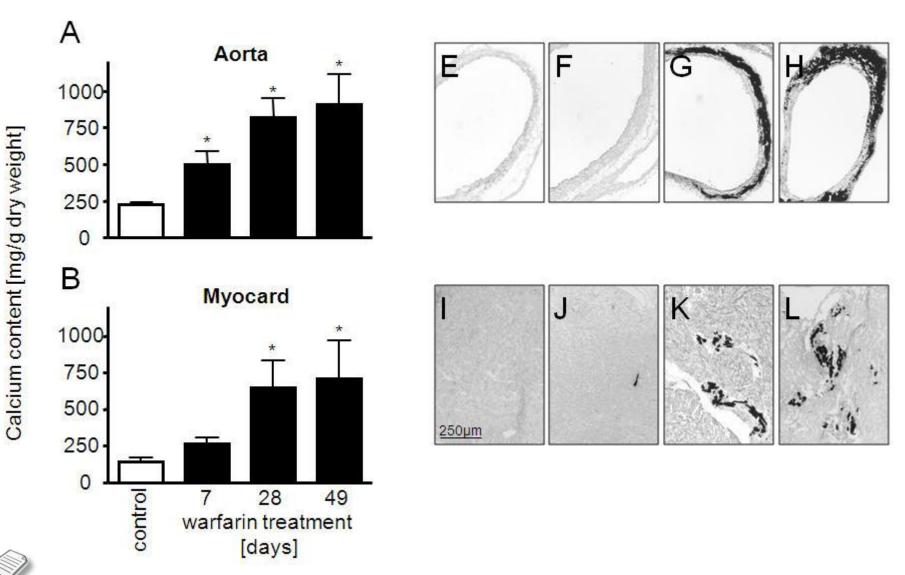
Medial vs intimal calcification



Budoff et al JACC 2007

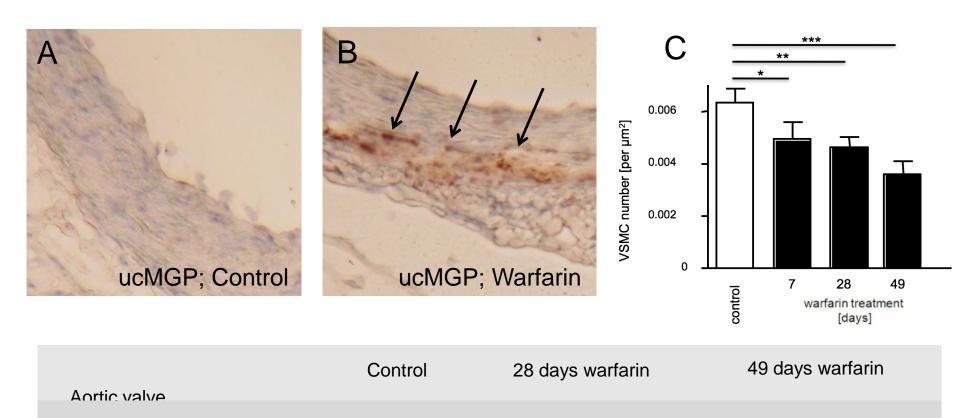


Influence of VKA on medial calcification



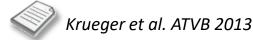
Krueger et al. ATVB 2013; Schurgers et al. Blood 2007

Influence of VKA on medial calcification

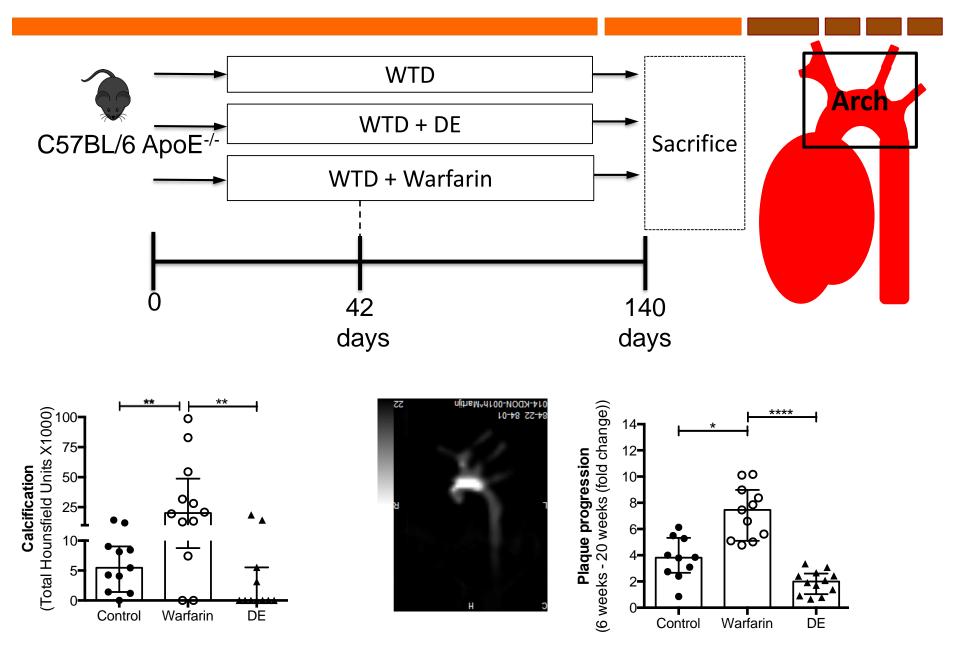


Oral anticoagulation results in medial vascular calcification, associated with vascular smooth muscle cell loss and parameters of vascular stiffening

puise wave velocity [III/s]

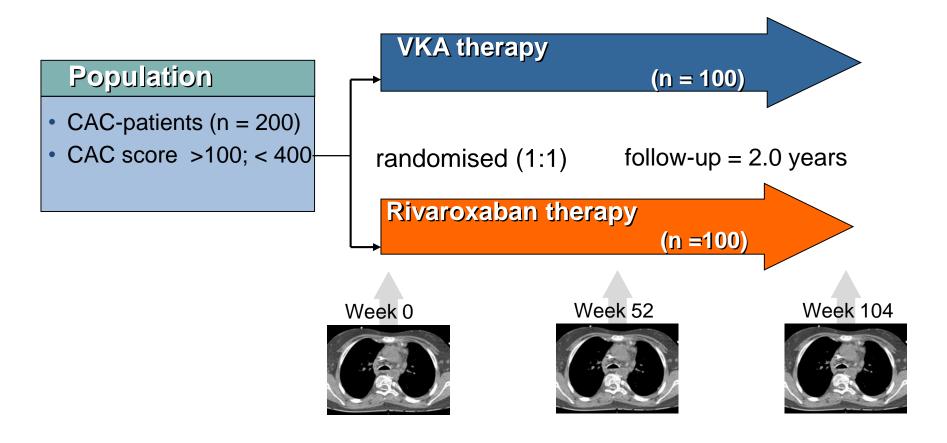


Influence of VKA on atherosclerosis





VKA - Rivaroxaban - Design -

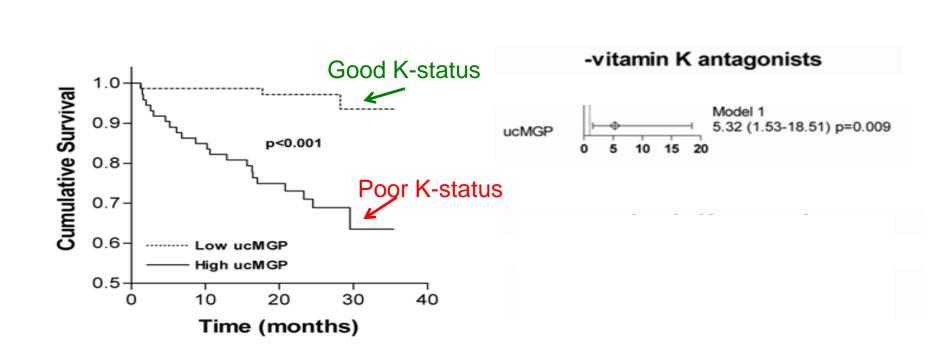


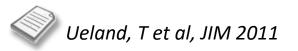
End points:

primary = progress of coronary calcification secondary = vascular stiffness and biomarkers

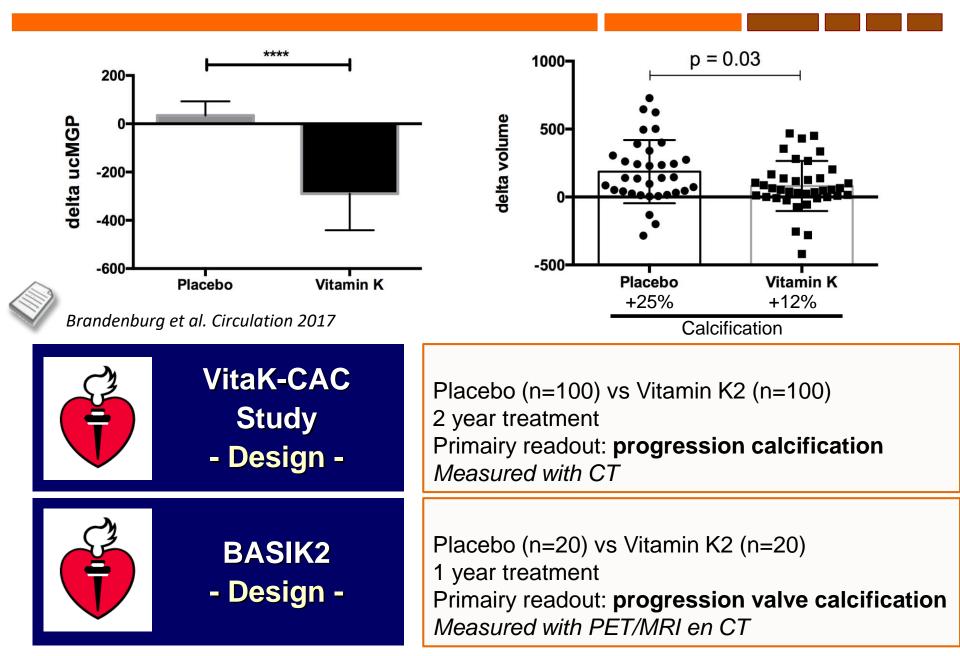
Vitamin K status in patients having AS

149 aortic stenosis patients Age 74 years, 55% male Cardiac index / HF, outcome (death)

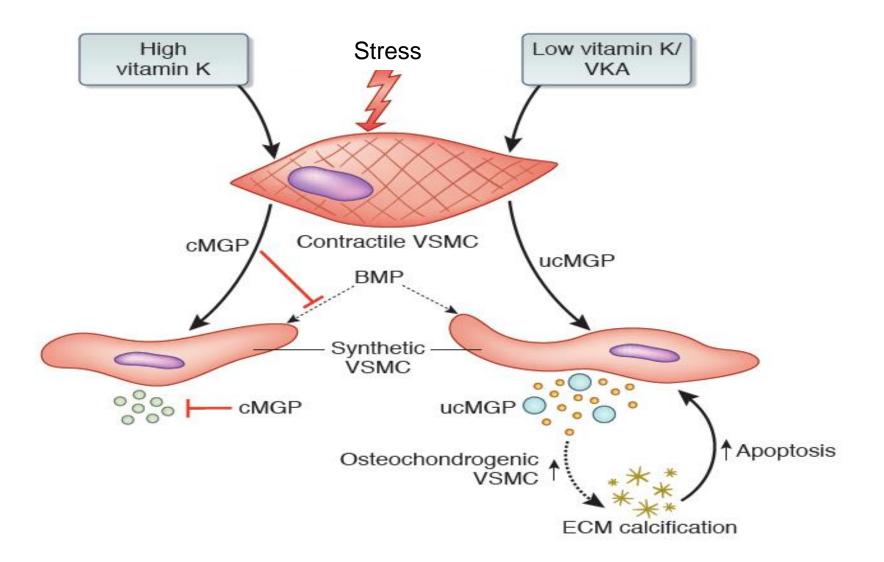




Less progression of AVC by vitamin K



What did Leon say...?







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European Commission







Boehringer Ingelheim

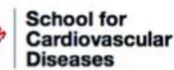


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- Tilman Hacker
- Erik Biessen



Bram Kroon

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- Nikolaus Marx
- Vincent Brandenburg
- Thilo Krueger
- Georg Schlieper
- Robert Stohr
- Mathias Burgmaier



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- Malte Kelm



Marie-Luce Bochaton-Piallat